

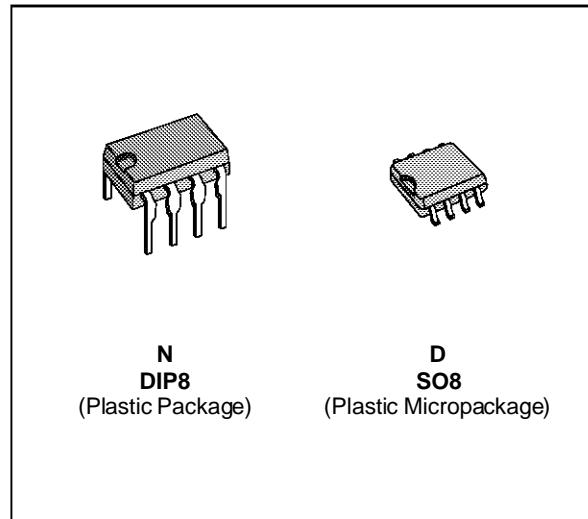


SGS-THOMSON
MICROELECTRONICS

**LF153
LF253 - LF353**

**WIDE BANDWIDTH
DUAL J-FET OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- WIDE COMMON-MODE (UP TO V_{CC}^+) AND DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE RANGE
- LOW INPUT BIAS AND OFFSET CURRENT
- OUTPUT SHORT-CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- HIGH INPUT IMPEDANCE J-FET INPUT STAGE
- INTERNAL FREQUENCY COMPENSATION
- LATCH UP FREE OPERATION
- HIGH SLEW RATE : 16V/ μ s (typ)



DESCRIPTION

The LF353 are high speed J-FET input dual operational amplifiers incorporating well matched, high voltage J-FET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit.

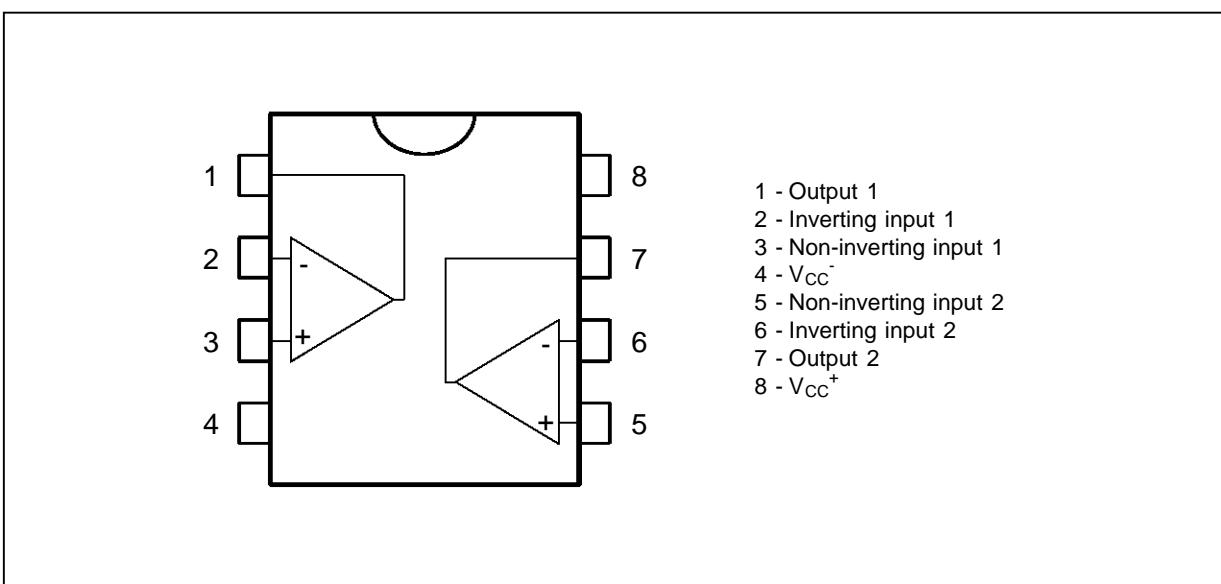
The devices feature high slew rates, low input bias and offset currents, and low offset voltage temperature coefficient.

ORDER CODES

Part Number	Temperature	Package	
		N	D
LF353	0°C, +70°C	•	•
LF253	-40°C, +105°C	•	•
LF153	-55°C, +125°C	•	•

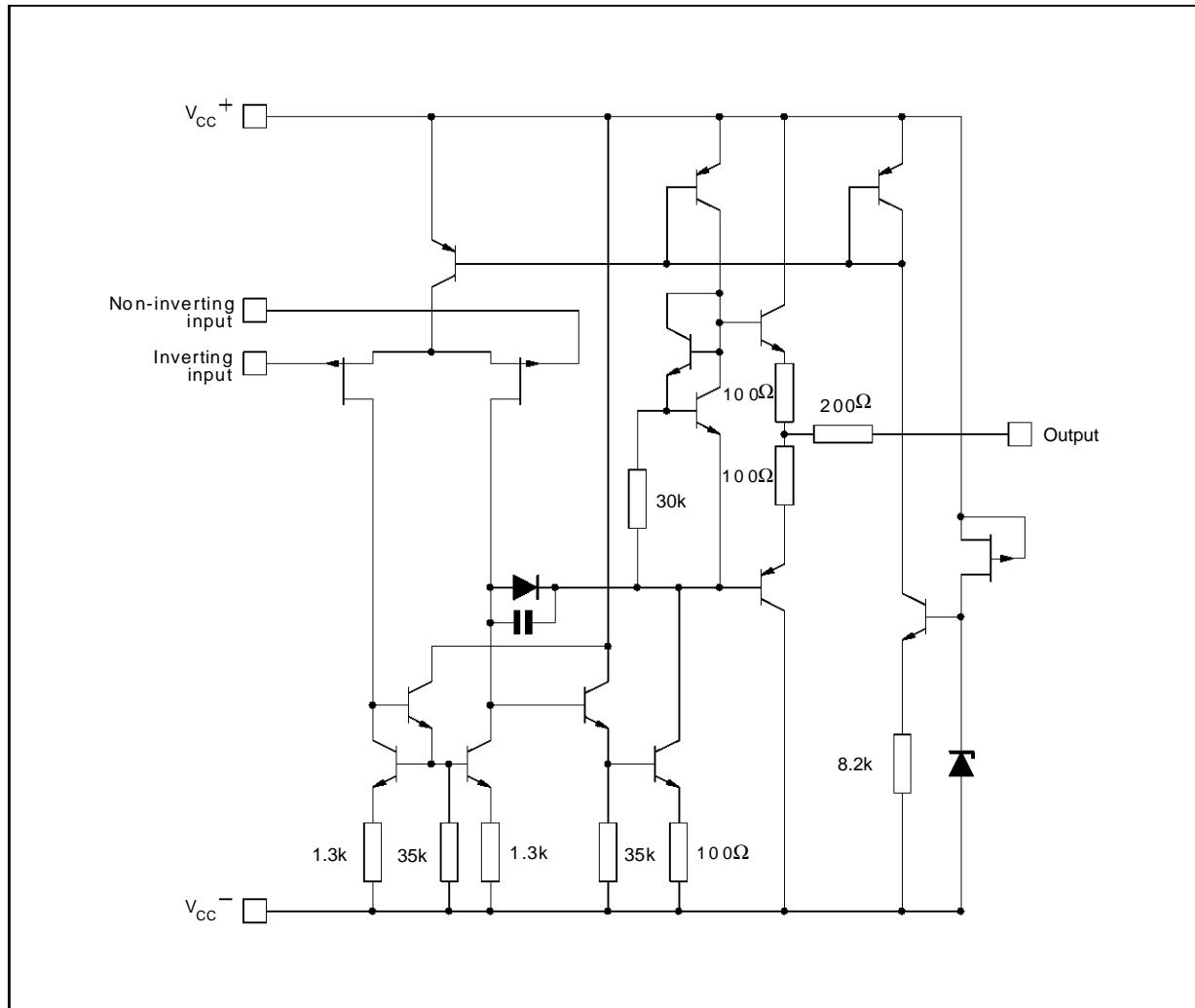
153-01.TBL

PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)



LF153 - LF253 - LF353

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (each amplifier)



153-02.TBL

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{cc}	Supply Voltage - (note 1)	±18	V
V _i	Input Voltage - (note 3)	±15	V
V _{id}	Differential Input Voltage - (note 2)	±30	V
P _{tot}	Power Dissipation	680	mW
	Output Short-circuit Duration - (note 4)	Infinite	
T _{oper}	Operating Free Air Temperature Range	0 to 70 -40 to 105 -55 to 125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C

- Notes :**
1. All voltage values, except differential voltage, are with respect to the zero reference level (ground) of the supply voltages where the zero reference level is the midpoint between V_{cc}⁺ and V_{cc}⁻.
 2. Differential voltages are at the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
 3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 volts, whichever is less.
 4. The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and /or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = \pm 15V, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ (unless otherwise specified)

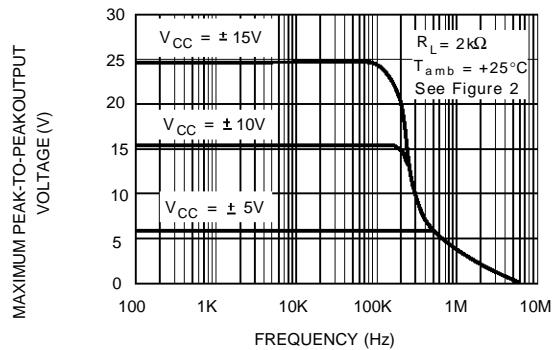
Symbol	Parameter	LF153 - LF253 - LF353			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{io}	Input Offset Voltage ($R_S = 10k\Omega$) $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		3	10 13	mV
DV_{io}	Input Offset Voltage Drift		10		$\mu V^\circ C$
I_{io}	Input Offset Current * $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		5	100 4	pA nA
I_{ib}	Input Bias Current * $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		20	200 20	pA nA
A_{vd}	Large Signal Voltage Gain ($R_L = 2k\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$) $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	50 25	200		V/mV
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ($R_S = 10k\Omega$) $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	80 80	86		dB
I_{cc}	Supply Current, per Amp, no Load $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$		1.4	3.2 3.2	mA
V_{icm}	Input Common Mode Voltage Range	± 11	+15 -12		V
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio ($R_S = 10k\Omega$) $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	70 70	86		dB
I_{os}	Output Short-circuit Current $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$	10 10	40	60 60	mA
$\pm V_{OPP}$	Output Voltage Swing $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $R_L = 2k\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ $R_L = 2k\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$	10 12 10 12	12 13.5		V
SR	Slew Rate ($V_i = 10V, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$, unity gain)	12	16		V/ μs
t_r	Rise Time ($V_i = 20mV, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$, unity gain)		0.1		μs
Kov	Overshoot ($V_i = 20mV, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$, unity gain)		10		%
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product ($f = 100kHz, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C, V_{in} = 10mV, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF$)	2.5	4		MHz
R_i	Input Resistance		10^{12}		Ω
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion ($f = 1kHz, A_V = 20dB, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C, V_O = 2V_{PP}$)		0.01		%
e_n	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage ($f = 1kHz, R_S = 100\Omega$)		15		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$
$\emptyset m$	Phase Margin		45		Degrees
V_{O1}/V_{O2}	Channel Separation ($A_V = 100, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$)		120		dB

* The input bias currents are junction leakage currents which approximately double for every $10^\circ C$ increase in the junction temperature.

153-03.TBL

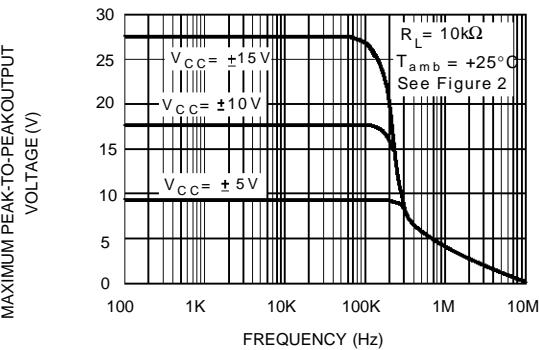
LF153 - LF253 - LF353

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



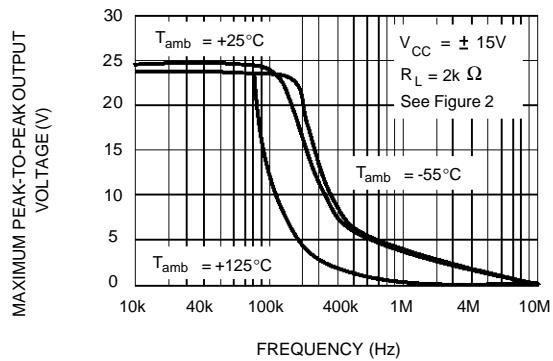
153-04.EPS

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



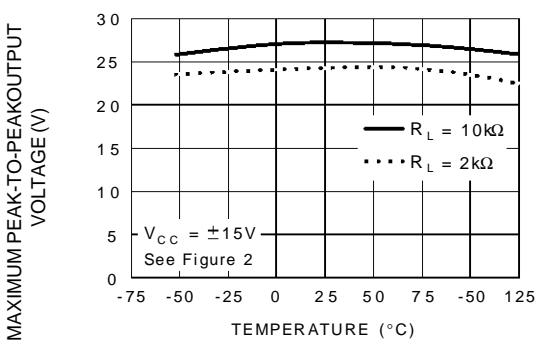
153-05.EPS

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



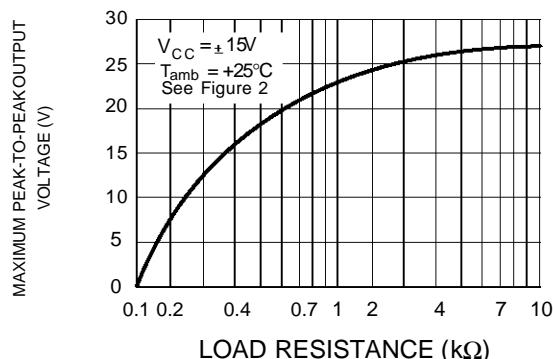
153-06.EPS

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREE AIR TEMP.



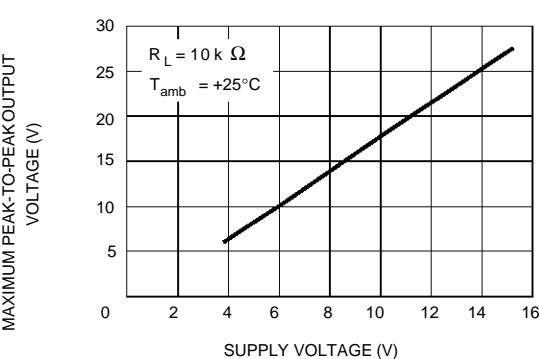
153-07.EPS

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE



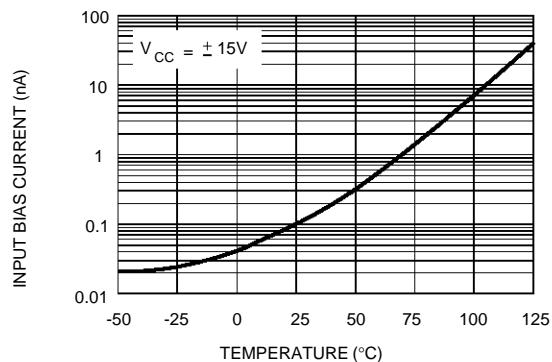
153-08.EPS

MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE

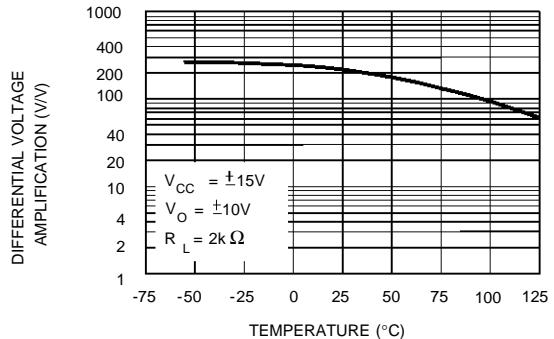


153-09.EPS

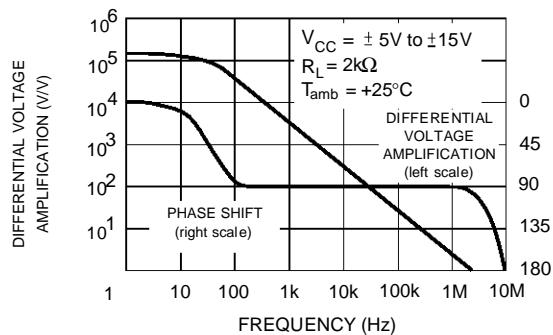
**INPUT BIAS CURRENT VERSUS
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE**



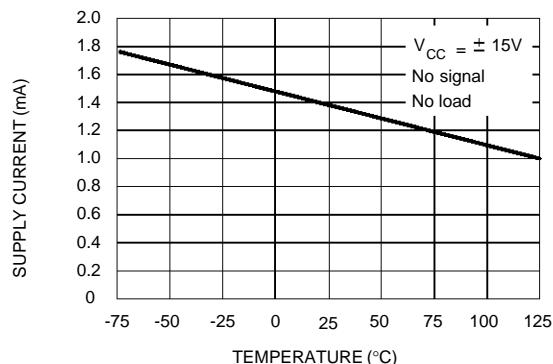
**LARGE SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE
AMPLIFICATION VERSUS
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE**



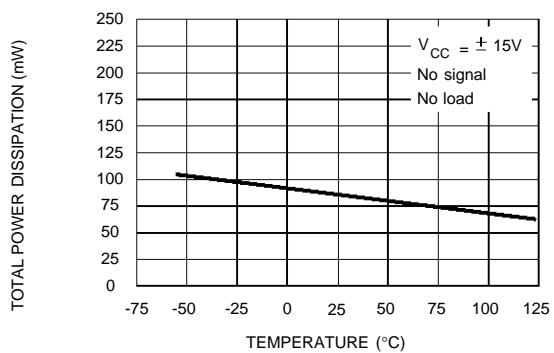
**LARGE SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL
VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE
SHIFT VERSUS FREQUENCY**



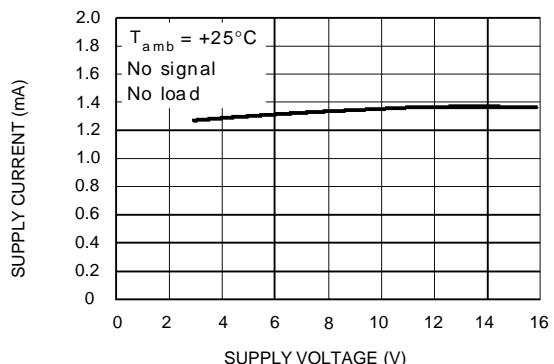
**SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER
VERSUS FREE AIR TEMPERATURE**



**TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE**

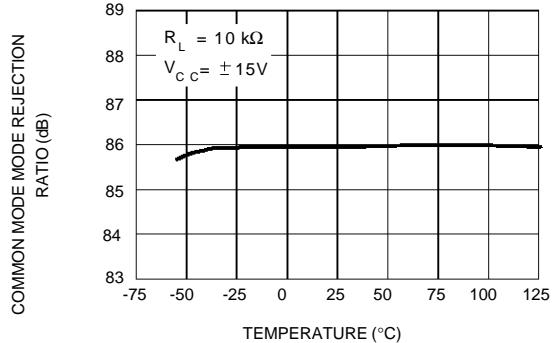


**SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER
VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE**



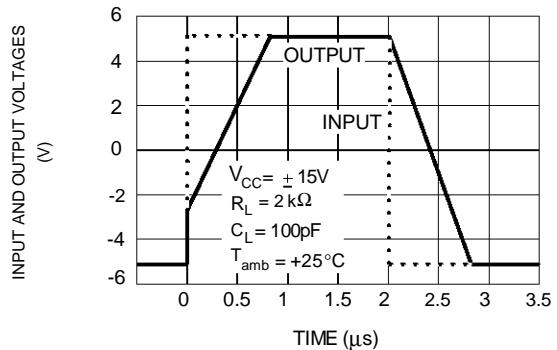
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COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO VERSUS FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



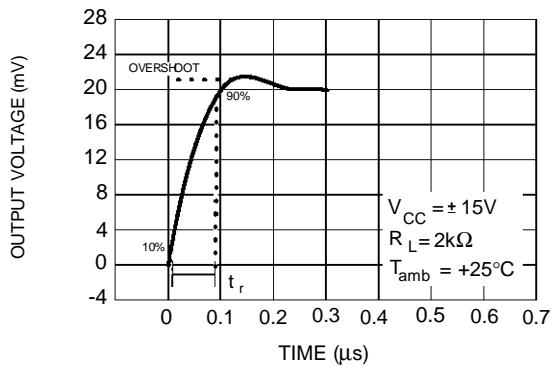
153-16.EPS

VOLTAGE FOLLOWER LARGE SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE



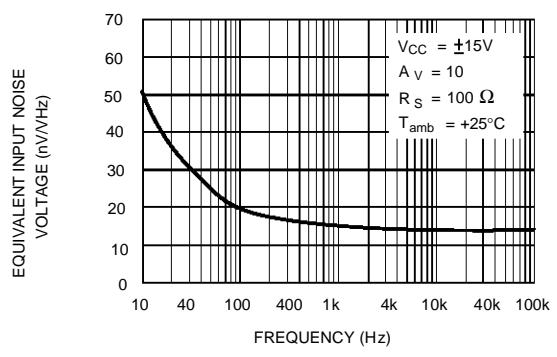
153-17.EPS

OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS ELAPSED TIME



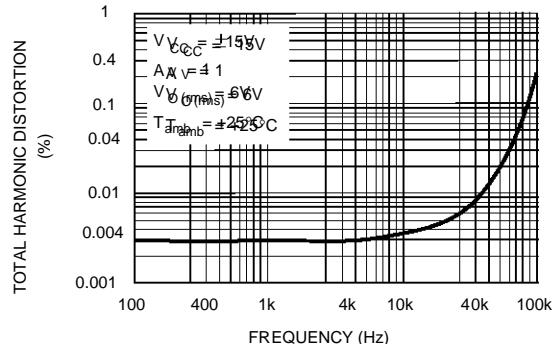
153-18.EPS

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



153-19.EPS

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION VERSUS FREQUENCY



153-20.EPS

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 1 : Voltage Follower

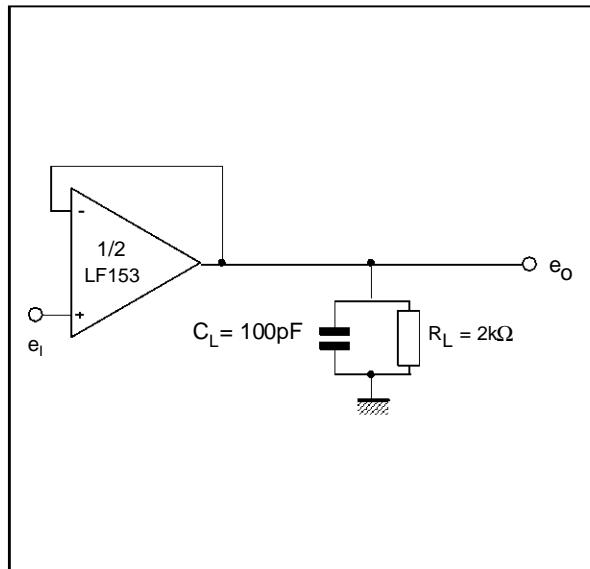
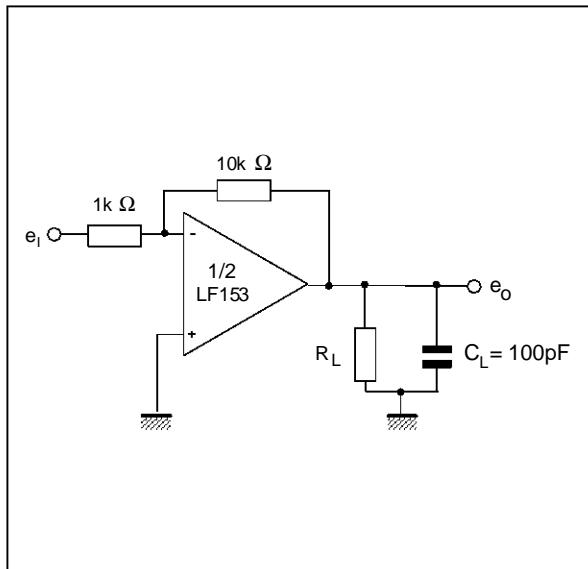
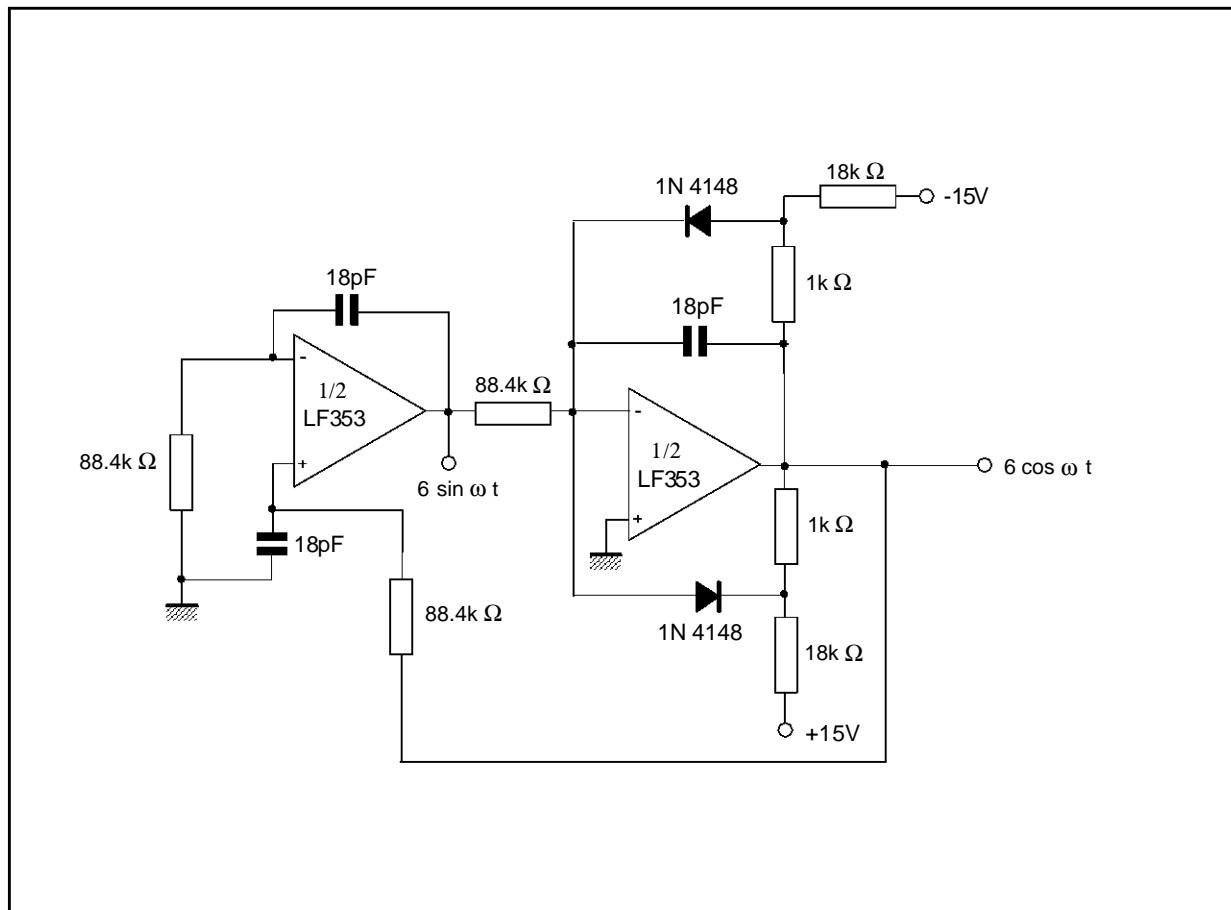


Figure 2 : Gain-of-10 Inverting Amplifier



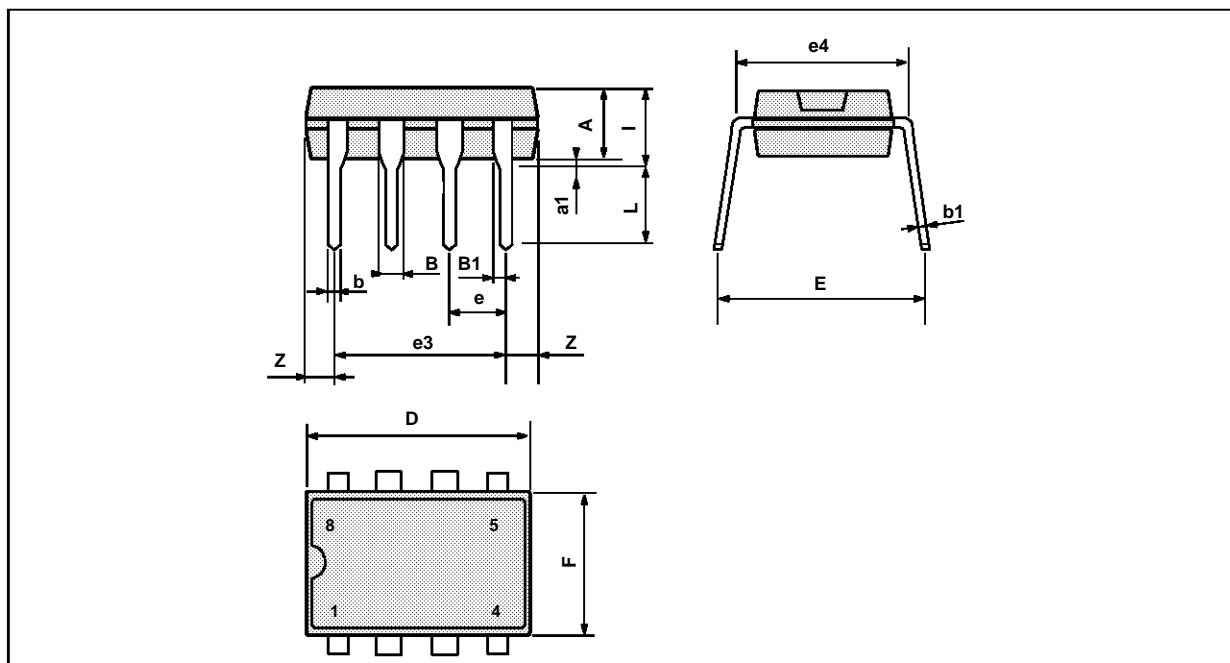
TYPICAL APPLICATION

QUADRUPLE OSCILLATOR



LF153 - LF253 - LF353

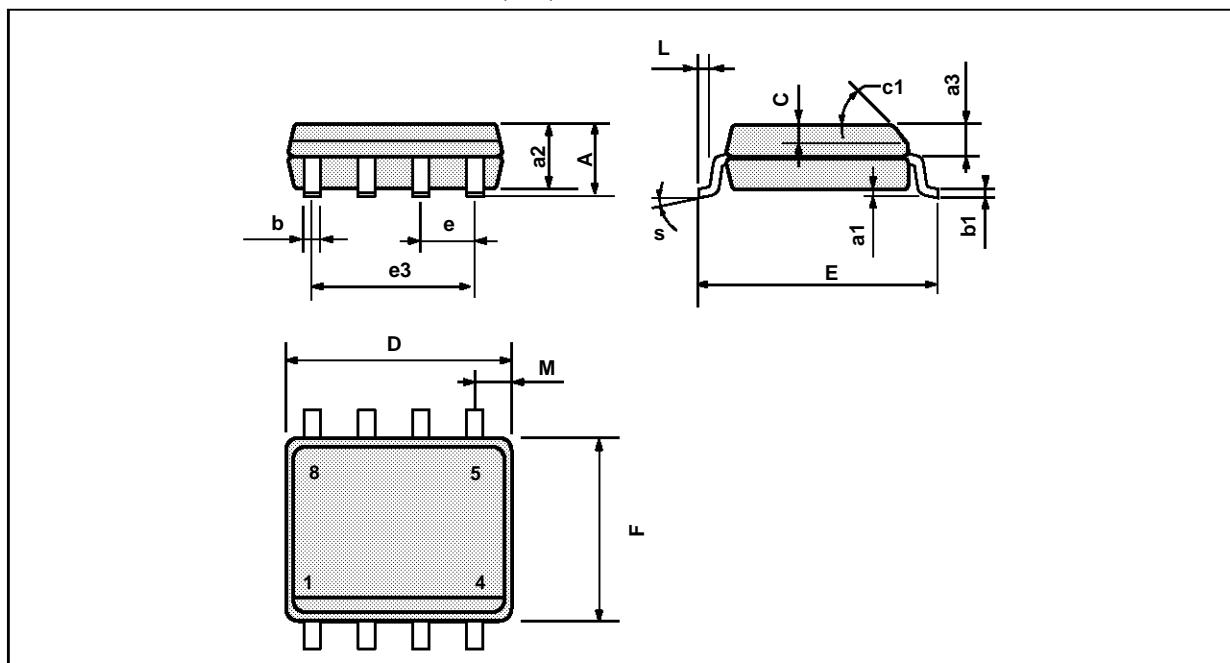
PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA 8 PINS - PLASTIC DIP



Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A		3.32			0.131	
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	1.15		1.65	0.045		0.065
b	0.356		0.55	0.014		0.022
b1	0.204		0.304	0.008		0.012
D			10.92			0.430
E	7.95		9.75	0.313		0.384
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4		7.62			0.300	
F			6.6			0.260
i			5.08			0.200
L	3.18		3.81	0.125		0.150
Z			1.52			0.060

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PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA
8 PINS - PLASTIC MICROPACKAGE (SO)



Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.75			0.069
a ₁	0.1		0.25	0.004		0.010
a ₂			1.65			0.065
a ₃	0.65		0.85	0.026		0.033
b	0.35		0.48	0.014		0.019
b ₁	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
C	0.25		0.5	0.010		0.020
c ₁	45° (typ.)					
D	4.8		5.0	0.189		0.197
E	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
e		1.27			0.050	
e ₃		3.81			0.150	
F	3.8		4.0	0.150		0.157
L	0.4		1.27	0.016		0.050
M			0.6			0.024
S	8° (max.)					

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